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APPLICATION NO.	FI	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/003,358 11/14/2001		Fang-Cheng Chang	NTI-022 4650		
29477	7590	02/23/2005	EXAMINER		
BEVER HO	OFFMAN	& HARMS, LLP	LIN, SUN J		
1432 CONC	ANNON I	BLVD			
BLDG G			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
LIVERMOR	E, CA 9	94550-6006	2825		

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	Office Action Summers	10/003,358	CHANG, FANG-CHENG	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Sun J. Lin	2825	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we use to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>American</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the merits is	
Disposit	ion of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠	Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Applicat	ion Papers			
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on 11/14/2001 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the oregonated to be a specific to the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.	accepted or b) objected to by drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119		,	
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorical application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage	
Attachmen	• •	. 5		
2) Notic 3) Inforr	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This Office Action is in response to applicant's Amendment and Remarks filed on $\frac{11}{12}$ 004 regarding application $\frac{10}{003}$ 358 filed on $\frac{11}{14}$ 2001. Claims 1-27 remain pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103(a)

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- (1). Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- (2). Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- (3). Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- (4). Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 1 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent No. 6,272,236 B1 to *Pierrat et al.* in view of U.S. Patent No. 6,057,063 to *Liebmann et al.*
- 4. As to Claim 1, *Pierrat et al.* show and teach the following subject matter:
 - <u>Image simulation</u> procedures capable of detecting <u>anticipate defects</u> on a mask [col. 3, line 14 26]; <u>capturing</u> (i.e., <u>generating</u>) <u>inspection image</u> of <u>a portion</u> (e.g., <u>critical feature</u>) of the mask and creating a <u>simulation</u> of <u>resist</u> to be formed (on a wafer) according to the <u>inspection image</u> [col. 3, line 49 51]; Notice that <u>the portion of mask</u> containing a <u>critical feature</u>, which requires special attention, is an <u>area of interest (AOI)</u>; Therefore, an <u>AOI</u> (area of mask containing a critical feature portion) is identified first, and then

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an <u>inspection image</u> of the <u>critical feature portion</u> in the <u>AOI</u> is <u>generated</u> for use in the simulation;

- Mask pattern is manufactured from <u>original (design) pattern data</u> [col. 3, line 45 46];
- Mask inspection machine can be applied to any particular type of masks, which include photomask and phase shifting mask [col. 6, line 19 27]; Notice that (1) a photomask is designed for a desired design pattern, including a critical feature portion in an AOI, it is manufactured utilizing original (design) pattern data [Fig. 3] (2) a phase shift mask associated with the AOI is constructed based on design geometry information regarding an area outside the AOI without use of inspection images of that area.

<u>Pierrat et al.</u> do not disclose information about construction of <u>phase shifting</u> <u>mask</u> and its relationship with a (critical) feature. But <u>Liebmann et al.</u> show and teach the following subject matter:

- A process for creating and verifying a design of <u>phase-shifted mask</u> [title; abstract];
- <u>Phase-shifted masks</u> are deployed to (critical) features in a chip design that require phase shifting – [abstract; col. 3, line 59 – 62];
- <u>Phase-shifted mask</u> contains <u>colored phase regions</u>, which are created on <u>opposite sides</u> of features [abstract; Fig. 1 Fig. 4]; <u>Proper phase termination</u> (e.g., 180° out of phase) of the <u>phase regions</u> is ensured based upon <u>space</u> <u>constraints</u> of a <u>phase-shifted mask</u> technique utilized [abstract].

In addition, <u>Liebmann et al.</u> also teach that <u>phase shifted mask</u> (PSM) lithography is applied to improve the <u>lithographic process latitude</u> in order to replicate <u>small image</u> (i.e., <u>critical feature</u>) in a chip design – [col. 2, line 34 – 56].

Therefore, it would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have applied the teachings of <u>Liebmann et al.</u> in utilizing <u>phase shifted mask</u> to improve the <u>lithographic process latitude</u> in order to replicate <u>small image</u> (i.e., <u>critical feature</u>) in the AOI.

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Notice that *Liebmann et al.* also show and teach the following subject matter:

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a <u>photomask design</u> showing <u>(critical) feature edges</u> – [Fig. 1];

 <u>phase regions</u> of <u>phase shifted masks</u>, which are deployed around the <u>photomask</u> of each <u>(critical) feature edges</u> – [Fig. 2];

Therefore, in order to appropriately deploy the appropriate <u>phase regions</u> of a <u>phase shifting mask</u> around an AOI having a <u>critical feature</u>, the <u>design geometry</u> <u>information</u> regarding an area outside the AOI should be provided and modified to accommodate the <u>phase regions</u>.

Combining the teachings of <u>Liebmann et al.</u> and <u>Pierrat et al.</u>, the following subject matter is disclosed utilizing Fig. 1 of <u>Pierrat et al.</u>:

Simulation of a <u>critical feature</u> in the AOI is performed in Step 180 based on the <u>inspection image</u> of the AOI and the <u>phase regions</u> of a <u>phase shifting mask</u> deployed around the AOI according to <u>design geometry information</u> regarding an area outside of the AOI– [Fig. 1]; Notice that (1) the image simulation of <u>desired design pattern</u> of the critical feature (AOI) under study is performed in Step 185 (2) inspection images of the phase shifting mask are not used in the simulation.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claim 1 are called [Response A] hereinafter.

- 5. As to Claim 18, reasons are included in [Response A] given above.
- 6. As to Claim 27, reasons are included in [Response A] given above. Notice that based on the explanations included in [Response A], a computer program product can be generated to perform the subject matter as recited in Claim 27.
- 7. As to Claim 25, reasons are included in [Response A] given above. Notice that accuracy of the <u>critical feature</u> is based on the following factors:
 - a <u>mask inspection image</u>, which has a <u>defined area</u> (i.e., <u>area defined the</u> <u>critical feature</u>); and

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 <u>design geometry information</u> regarding an area outside the defined area, where appropriate <u>phase regions</u> of <u>phase shifting mask</u> are deployed around the defined area.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claim 25 are called [Response B] hereinafter.

- 8. As to Claims 2 and 19, <u>modifying data</u> include <u>colors</u> and <u>layout data</u> of <u>phase</u> <u>regions</u> for use in the <u>phase shifting mask</u> around the <u>critical feature</u> in the AOI in order to achieve appropriate phase shifting. Notice that the <u>colors</u> of phase regions are set to control the degree of phase shifting (e.g., 180° out of phase) between the phase regions.
- 9. As to Claims 3 and 20, <u>modifying data</u> includes <u>generating phase regions</u> of <u>phase shifting mask</u> outside and around the AOI and <u>combining</u> the <u>inspecting image</u> of <u>critical feature</u> and the <u>phase regions</u> of <u>phase shifting mask</u>. Notice that an image generated by the <u>phase regions</u> of <u>phase shifting mask</u> is a <u>phase shifting image</u>, which is a <u>virtual image</u>.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 3 and 20 are called [Response C] hereinafter.

10. As to Claim 4, as explained in [Response A] given above, the <u>simulation 180</u> is performed on the <u>combined images</u> 160.2, which is a combination of the <u>inspecting</u> <u>image</u> and the image of <u>phase regions</u> of <u>phase shifting mask</u> received from Step130 – [Fig. 1].

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claim 4 are called [Response D] hereinafter.

- 11. As to Claims 5, 6 and 21, reasons are included in [Response C] and [Response D] given above.
- 12. As to Claims 7 and 22, <u>Pierrat et al.</u> show and teach digitized image of entire mask, including feature in AOI and (design geometry information for use in construction

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of associated phase shifting mask – [Fig. 1; Fig. 3; col. 5, line 45 – 50]. Notice that a <u>digitized image</u> is a <u>bit map image</u>, which is made of <u>bits</u> "1" and bit "0".

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 7 and 22 are called [Response E] hereinafter.

- 13. As to Claims 8 and 23, the <u>design geometry information</u> is utilized in formation of <u>phase shifting mask</u> for a (<u>critical</u>) <u>feature</u> in an AOI. Therefore, the <u>design geometry information</u> includes extending geometries of the <u>(critical</u>) <u>feature</u> in the <u>AOI</u> [<u>Liebmann et al.</u>; Fig. 1 Fig. 5].
- 14. As to Claims 9 and 10, as explained in **[Response A]** given above, providing <u>design geometry information</u> includes accessing information regarding another mask, which is a <u>phase shifting mask</u> [<u>Liebmann et al.</u>; Fig. 1 Fig. 5].

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 9 and 10 are called [Response F] hereinafter.

15. As to Claim 24, reasons are included in **[Response F]** given above. Notice that, in design of an appropriate <u>phase shifting mask</u>, <u>database information</u> regarding <u>phase shifting (i.e., colors)</u> and <u>sizes</u> for use in design of <u>phase regions</u> of the <u>phase shifting mask</u> needs to be accessed.

For reference purposes, the explanations given above in response to Claims 9 and 24 are called [Response G] hereinafter.

- 16. As to Claim 26, in addition to reasons included in [Response A], [Response B], [Response C], and [Response D] given above, <u>Liebmann et al.</u> and <u>Pierrat et al.</u> show and teach the following subject matter:
 - (Photomask) image simulation obtained in Step185 is based on <u>desired</u>
 pattern database, it provides a <u>first accuracy</u> [Pierrat et al. Fig. 1];
 - <u>Mask inspection image</u> with <u>phase shifting mask</u> generated in Step180 provides an <u>improved accuracy</u> [<u>Pierrat et al.</u> Fig. 1; <u>Liebmann et al.</u>, col. 2, line 34 40];

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<u>Improved accuracy</u> of <u>image simulation 180</u> is compared with <u>first accuracy</u> in <u>image simulation 185</u> to detect defect in 140 – [<u>Pierrat et al.</u> – Fig. 1].

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- 17. As to Claim 11, in addition to reasons included in [Response A] and [Response G] given above, <u>Pierrat et al.</u> teach that the <u>inspection image</u> is a <u>digitized image</u> generated from an <u>inspection tool</u> (e.g., <u>scanning electron microscope</u> SEM) [col. 5, line 8 18; col. 5, line 45 50]. Notice that the <u>Inspection image</u> is <u>first information</u> relating to a <u>first area</u> (i.e., <u>AOI</u>) [Response A]. <u>Second information</u> is obtained from <u>design geometry information</u> (i.e., <u>design file</u> for <u>phase shifting mask</u>). The <u>Second information</u> is related to area of <u>phase region</u> (i.e., <u>second area</u>) of <u>phase shifting mask</u> outside the <u>first area</u> (<u>AOI</u>) [Response G]. Notice that the first information (inspection image of AOI) and the second information (phase shifting mask) provide enhanced simulation accuracy of the first area (AOI).
- 18. As to Claim 12, reasons are included in [Response E] given above.
- 19. As to Claims 13 and 14, <u>Liebmann et al.</u> show in Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 and teach that the <u>second area</u> (<u>phase region</u>) for use in designing a <u>phase shifting mask</u> is defined by a predetermined <u>spacing</u> (i.e., <u>distance</u>) or a plurality of <u>spacings</u> (i.e., <u>distances</u>) from a perimeter of the <u>first area</u> (i.e., <u>feature edge</u> under study) dependent upon <u>structure</u> and <u>size</u> of the critical feature edge in the <u>first area</u>.
- 20. As to Claim 15, the <u>first area</u> is a <u>feature</u> in any <u>AOI</u>. The <u>first area</u> (<u>feature</u>) can be <u>defined</u> by an <u>engineer</u> (i.e., <u>user</u>) by choosing an AOI when operating the <u>simulation</u> <u>engine</u>.
- 21. As to Claim 16, *Liebmann et al.* teach the following subject matter:
 - Phase shifted mask design system for manufacturing VLSI circuit device –
 [abstract];
 - Mask process for creating and verifying a design of <u>phase shifted mask</u> utilizing at least one <u>phase shift region</u> employing a <u>computer-aided design system</u> –
 [abstract]; Notice that the <u>phase shifted mask design system</u> is a <u>computer-aided</u>

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<u>design system</u>; The <u>second area</u> (<u>phase region</u>) can be defined by the <u>phase shifted mask design system</u>

- <u>Critical features</u> in a design of the <u>phase shifted mask</u> (for a VLSI circuit device) that required <u>phase shifting</u> are located [abstract]; Notice that the <u>first area</u> (i.e., <u>critical feature</u>) is <u>located</u> (i.e., <u>defined</u>) by the <u>phase shifted mask design system</u>.
- 22. As to Claim 17, as explained in **[Response A]** given above, the <u>first area</u> relates to <u>photomask</u> (i.e., <u>first mask</u>) of a <u>desired pattern</u> of a <u>critical feature</u> and the <u>second area</u> (<u>phase regions</u>) relates to <u>phase shifting mask</u> (i.e., <u>second mask</u>) associated with the <u>photomask</u> (<u>first mask</u>).

Response to Amendment and Remarks

23. Applicant's amendment and remarks filed on 11/12/2004 have been reviewed. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Detailed responses to applicant's argument are included in the office action given above.

Conclusion

24. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sun J. Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-1899. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (9:00AM-6:00PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matthew Smith can be reached on (571) 272-1907. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7382 for regular communications and (703) 305-3413 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1782.

Sun James Lin Patent Examiner Art Unit 2825 February 9, 2005

> VUTHE SIEK PRIMARY EXAMINER